## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

Please change the heading at page 40, line 1, from "Patent claims" to --WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:--

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions of claims in the application.

## Claims 1-12 (canceled)

-- Claim 13 (new): An N-substituted pyrazolylcarboxanilide of formula (I)

$$H_3C$$
 $F$ 
 $H_3C$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $H_3C$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $H_3C$ 
 $R^3$ 

in which

 $R^4$ 

R<sup>1</sup> represents methyl, trifluoromethyl, or difluoromethyl,

R<sup>2</sup> represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, methyl or trifluoromethyl, either

(a) R<sup>3</sup> represents hydrogen, and

represents  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylsulphinyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylsulphonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, or  $C_3$ - $C_8$ -cycloalkyl; represents  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkylthio,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkylsulphinyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkylsulphonyl, halo- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, or  $C_3$ - $C_8$ -halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents formyl, formyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl,  $(C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl)carbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl, or  $(C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkoxy)carbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl; represents halo- $(C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl)-carbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl or halo- $(C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkoxy)carbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl having in each case 1 to 13 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents  $(C_3$ - $C_8$ -cycloalkyl)carbonyl; represents  $(C_3$ - $C_8$ -halocycloalkyl)carbonyl having 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine and/or bromine atoms; or represents -C(=O)C(=O)R5, -C0NR6R7, or -CH2NR8R9,

or

- $R^3$ (b) represents halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-haloalkyl, and  $R^4$ represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl; represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulphinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulphonyl, halo-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents formyl, formyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)carbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkoxy)carbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl; represents halo-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)carbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl or halo-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkoxy)carbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl having in each case 1 to 13 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl)carbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy)carbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)carbonyl, or (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl)carbonyl; represents  $(C_1-C_6$ -haloalkyl)carbonyl,  $(C_1-C_6$ -haloalkoxy)carbonyl,  $(halo-C_1-C_4$ alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)carbonyl, or (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-halocycloalkyl)carbonyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or represents -C(=O)C(=O)R<sup>5</sup>, -CONR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>, or -CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, and
- R<sup>5</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl; or represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkoxy, halo-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms,
- $R^6$  and  $R^7$ , independently of one another, each represent hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, or  $C_3$ - $C_8$ -cycloalkyl; represent  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -haloalkyl, halo- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, or  $C_3$ - $C_8$ -halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated heterocycle having 5 to 8 ring atoms that is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, where the heterocycle optionally contains 1 or 2 further non-adjacent heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulphur, and  $NR^{10}$ ,
- R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup>, independently of one another, represent hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl; or represent C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-haloalkyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> together

with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated heterocycle having 5 to 8 ring atoms that is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, where the heterocycle optionally contains 1 or 2 further non-adjacent heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulphur, and NR<sup>10</sup>, and

R<sup>10</sup> represents hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl.

Claim 14 (new): An N-substituted pyrazolylcarboxanilide of formula (I) according to Claim 13 in which

- R<sup>1</sup> represents methyl, trifluoromethyl, or difluoromethyl,
- R<sup>2</sup> represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, methyl, or trifluoromethyl, either
- (a) R<sup>3</sup> represents hydrogen, and
  - $R^4 \quad \text{represents $C_1$-$C_6$-alkyl, $C_1$-$C_4$-alkylsulphinyl, $C_1$-$C_4$-alkylsulphonyl, $C_1$-$C_3$-alkoxy-$C_1$-$C_3$-alkyl, or $C_3$-$C_6$-cycloalkyl; represents $C_1$-$C_4$-haloalkylsulphinyl, $C_1$-$C_3$-alkyl, or $C_3$-$C_6$-halocycloalkyl, and/or bromine atoms; represents formyl, formyl-$C_1$-$C_3$-alkyl, $(C_1$-$C_3$-alkyl)$-carbonyl-$C_1$-$C_3$-alkyl, or $(C_1$-$C_3$-alkyl)$-carbonyl-$C_1$-$C_3$-alkyl, or halo-$(C_1$-$C_3$-alkoxy)$-carbonyl-$C_1$-$C_3$-alkyl having in each case 1 to 13 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents $(C_3$-$C_6$-cycloalkyl)$-carbonyl; represents $(C_3$-$C_6$-halocycloalkyl)$-carbonyl having 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or represents $-$C(=0)$C(=0)$R^5$, $-$CONR^6$R^7$, or $-$CH_2NR^8$R^9$,}$

or

(b) R³ represents fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, C₁-C₀-alkyl, or C₁-C₀-haloalkyl having 1 to 13 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms, and represents C₁-C₀-alkyl, C₁-C₄-alkylsulphinyl, C₁-C₄-alkylsulphonyl, C₁-C₃-alkoxy-C₁-C₃-alkyl, or C₃-C₀-cycloalkyl; represents C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulphinyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulphonyl, halo-C₁-C₃-alkoxy-C₁-C₃-alkyl, or C₃-C₀-halocycloalkyl

having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents formyl, formyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl, ( $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl)carbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl, or ( $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkoxy)carbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl; or represents halo-( $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl)carbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl, halo-( $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkoxy)carbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl having in each case 1 to 13 fluorine, chlorine and/or bromine atoms; represents ( $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl)carbonyl, ( $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy)carbonyl, ( $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl)carbonyl, or ( $C_3$ - $C_6$ -cycloalkyl)carbonyl; represents ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl)carbonyl, ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkoxy)carbonyl, (halo- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl)carbonyl, or ( $C_3$ - $C_6$ -halocycloalkyl)carbonyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or represents -C(=O)C(=O)R<sup>5</sup>, -CONR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>, or - $CH_2NR$ <sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, and

- R<sup>5</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl; represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy, halo-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms,
- $\mathsf{R}^6$  and  $\mathsf{R}^7$ , independently of one another, each represent hydrogen,  $\mathsf{C}_1\text{-}\mathsf{C}_6\text{-alkyl}$ ,  $\mathsf{C}_1\text{-}\mathsf{C}_3\text{-alkoxy-}\mathsf{C}_1\text{-}\mathsf{C}_3\text{-alkyl}$ , or  $\mathsf{C}_3\text{-}\mathsf{C}_6\text{-cycloalkyl}$ ; represent  $\mathsf{C}_1\text{-}\mathsf{C}_4\text{-haloalkyl}$ , halo- $\mathsf{C}_1\text{-}\mathsf{C}_3\text{-alkoxy-}\mathsf{C}_1\text{-}\mathsf{C}_3\text{-alkyl}$ , or  $\mathsf{C}_3\text{-}\mathsf{C}_6\text{-halocycloalkyl}$  having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or  $\mathsf{R}^6$  and  $\mathsf{R}^7$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated heterocycle having 5 to 8 ring atoms that is optionally mono- to tetrasubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen and  $\mathsf{C}_1\text{-}\mathsf{C}_4\text{-alkyl}$ , where the heterocycle optionally contain 1 or 2 further non-adjacent heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulphur and  $\mathsf{NR}^{10}$ ,
- $R^8$  and  $R^9$ , independently of one another, represent hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl, or  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -cycloalkyl; represent  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl or  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or  $R^8$  and  $R^9$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated heterocycle having 5 to 8 ring atoms that is optionally mono- to tetrasubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, where the heterocycle optionally contains 1 or 2

further non-adjacent heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulphur, and NR<sup>10</sup>, and

R<sup>10</sup> represents hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl.

Claim 15 (new): An N-substituted pyrazolylcarboxanilide of formula (Ib)

$$H_3C$$
 $F$ 
 $H_3C$ 
 $H_3C$ 

in which

represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl; represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulphinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulphonyl, halo-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents formyl, formyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)carbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkoxy)carbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl; represents halo-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)carbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl or halo-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkoxy)carbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl having in each case 1 to 13 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl)carbonyl; represents (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-halocycloalkyl)carbonyl having 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or represents -C(=O)C(=O)R<sup>5</sup>, -CONR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>, or -CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>,

R<sup>1</sup> represents methyl, trifluoromethyl, or difluoromethyl,

R<sup>2</sup> represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, methyl or trifluoromethyl,

R<sup>5</sup> represents hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, or  $C_3$ - $C_8$ -cycloalkyl; or represents  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkoxy, halo- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, or  $C_3$ - $C_8$ -halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms,

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup>, independently of one another, each represent hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl; represent C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-haloalkyl, halo-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated heterocycle having

5 to 8 ring atoms that is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, where the heterocycle optionally contains 1 or 2 further non-adjacent heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulphur, and NR<sup>10</sup>, and

R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup>, independently of one another, represent hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl; or represent C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-haloalkyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated heterocycle having 5 to 8 ring atoms that is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, where the heterocycle optionally contains 1 or 2 further non-adjacent heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulphur, and NR<sup>10</sup>.

Claim 16 (new): An N-substituted pyrazolylcarboxanilide of formula (Ic)

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 & O \\
N & R^{4B} \\
R_{3}C & R^{3B} \\
H_{3}C & CH_{3}
\end{array}$$
(Ic)

in which

R<sup>3B</sup> represents halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-haloalkyl,

R<sup>4B</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl; represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulphinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulphonyl, halo-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents formyl, formyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)carbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkoxy)carbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl; represents halo-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)carbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl or halo-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkoxy)carbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl having in each case 1 to 13 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl)carbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy)carbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)carbonyl, or (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl)carbonyl; represents (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-

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haloalkyl)carbonyl,  $(C_1-C_6$ -haloalkoxy)carbonyl, (halo- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl)carbonyl, or  $(C_3$ - $C_8$ -halocycloalkyl)carbonyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or represents - $C(=O)C(=O)R^5$ , - $CONR^6R^7$ , or - $CH_2NR^8R^9$ .

- R<sup>1</sup> represents methyl, trifluoromethyl, or difluoromethyl,
- R<sup>2</sup> represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, methyl or trifluoromethyl,
- R<sup>5</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl; or represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkoxy, halo-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms,
- $\mathsf{R}^6$  and  $\mathsf{R}^7$ , independently of one another, each represent hydrogen,  $\mathsf{C}_1\text{-}\mathsf{C}_8\text{-}\text{alkyl}$ ,  $\mathsf{C}_1\text{-}\mathsf{C}_4\text{-}\text{alkoxy-}\mathsf{C}_1\text{-}\mathsf{C}_4\text{-}\text{alkyl}$ , or  $\mathsf{C}_3\text{-}\mathsf{C}_8\text{-}\text{cycloalkyl}$ ; represent  $\mathsf{C}_1\text{-}\mathsf{C}_8\text{-}\text{haloalkyl}$ , halo- $\mathsf{C}_1\text{-}\mathsf{C}_4\text{-}\text{alkoxy-}\mathsf{C}_1\text{-}\mathsf{C}_4\text{-}\text{alkyl}$ , or  $\mathsf{C}_3\text{-}\mathsf{C}_8\text{-}\text{halocycloalkyl}$  having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or  $\mathsf{R}^6$  and  $\mathsf{R}^7$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated heterocycle having 5 to 8 ring atoms that is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen and  $\mathsf{C}_1\text{-}\mathsf{C}_4\text{-}\text{alkyl}$ , where the heterocycle optionally contains 1 or 2 further non-adjacent heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulphur, and  $\mathsf{NR}^{10}$ , and
- R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup>, independently of one another, represent hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl; or represent C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-haloalkyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated heterocycle having 5 to 8 ring atoms that is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, where the heterocycle optionally contains 1 or 2 further non-adjacent heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulphur, and NR<sup>10</sup>.

Claim 17 (new): An N-substituted pyrazolylcarboxanilide of formula (I) according to Claim 13 in which  $R^4$  represents formyl.

Claim 18 (new): An N-substituted pyrazolylcarboxanilide of formula (I) according to Claim 13 in which  $R^4$  represents  $-C(=O)C(=O)R^5$  and  $R^5$  is as defined in Claim 13.

Claim 19 (new): A process for preparing compounds of formula (I) according to Claim 13 comprising

(a) reacting a carboxylic acid derivative of formula (II)

in which

R<sup>1</sup> is as defined for formula (I) of Claim 13, and

X<sup>1</sup> represents halogen or hydroxyl,

with an aniline derivative of formula (III)

$$R^{2}$$
 $R^{4}$ 
 $H_{3}C$ 
 $R^{3}$ 
 $CH_{3}$ 
 $CH_{3}$ 
 $CH_{3}$ 

in which R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, and R<sup>4</sup> are as defined formula (I) of Claim 13, optionally in the presence of a catalyst, optionally in the presence of a condensing agent, optionally in the presence of an acid binder, and optionally in the presence of a diluent,

or

(b) hydrogenating a pyrazolylcarboxanilide of formula (IV)

$$H_3C$$
 $F$ 
 $H_3C$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 

in which  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ , and  $R^4$  are as defined formula (I) of Claim 13, optionally in the presence of a diluent and optionally in the presence of a catalyst,

or

(c) reacting a pyrazolylcarboxanilide of formula (la)

$$H_3C$$
 $F$ 
 $H_3C$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 

in which  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ , and  $R^3$  are as defined formula (I) of Claim 13, with a halide of formula (V)

$$R^4-X^2$$
 (V)

in which

R<sup>4</sup> is as defined formula (I) of Claim 13, and

X<sup>2</sup> represents chlorine, bromine, or iodine

in the presence of a base and in the presence of a diluent.

Claim 20 (new): A composition for controlling unwanted microorganisms comprising one or more N-substituted pyrazolylcarboxanilides of formula (I) according to Claim 13 and one or more extenders and/or surfactants.

Claim 21 (new): A method of controlling unwanted microorganisms comprising applying an effective amount of an N-substituted pyrazolylcarboxanilide of formula (I) according to Claim 13 to the microorganisms and/or their habitat.

Claim 22 (new): A process for preparing compositions for controlling unwanted microorganisms comprising mixing one or more N-substituted pyrazolylcarbox-anilides of formula (I) according to Claim 13 with one or more extenders and/or surfactants.

Claim 23 (new): An aniline derivative of formula (III)

$$R^2$$
 $H_3C$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $H_3C$ 
 $CH_3$ 
(III)

R<sup>2</sup> represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, methyl or trifluoromethyl, and either

- (a) R<sup>3</sup> represents hydrogen, and
  - represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl; represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulphinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulphonyl, halo-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents formyl, formyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)carbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkoxy)carbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl; represents halo-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)-carbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl or halo-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkoxy)carbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl having in each case 1 to 13 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl)carbonyl; represents (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-halocycloalkyl)carbonyl having 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine and/or bromine atoms; or represents -C(=O)C(=O)R<sup>5</sup>, -CONR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>, or -CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>,

or

(b) R³ represents halogen, C₁-Cଃ-alkyl, or C₁-Cଃ-haloalkyl, and represents C₁-Cଃ-alkyl, C₁-Cଃ-alkylsulphinyl, C₁-Cଃ-alkylsulphonyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, or C₃-Cଃ-cycloalkyl; represents C₁-Cଃ-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulphinyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulphinyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkylsulphonyl, halo-C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, or C₃-Cଃ-halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents formyl, formyl-C₁-C₃-alkyl, (C₁-C₃-alkyl)carbonyl-C₁-C₃-alkyl, or (C₁-C₃-alkoxy)carbonyl-C₁-C₃-alkyl; represents halo-(C₁-C₃-alkyl)-carbonyl-C₁-C₃-alkyl or halo-(C₁-C₃-alkoxy)carbonyl-C₁-C₃-alkyl having in each case 1 to 13 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents (C₁-Cଃ-alkyl)carbonyl, (C₁-Cଃ-alkoxy)carbonyl, (C₁-C₃-alkoxy)carbonyl, (C₁-C₃-al

alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl)carbonyl, or ( $C_3$ - $C_8$ -cycloalkyl)carbonyl; represents ( $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl)carbonyl, ( $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkoxy)carbonyl, (halo- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl)carbonyl, or ( $C_3$ - $C_8$ -halocycloalkyl)carbonyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or represents - $C(=0)C(=0)R^5$ , - $CONR^6R^7$ , or - $CH_2NR^8R^9$ .

## Claim 24 (new): A pyrazolylcarboxanilide of formula (IV)

$$H_3C$$
 $F$ 
 $H_3C$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 

in which

 $R^4$ 

R<sup>1</sup> represents methyl, trifluoromethyl, or difluoromethyl,

R<sup>2</sup> represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, methyl or trifluoromethyl, and either

(a) R<sup>3</sup> represents hydrogen, and

represents  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylsulphinyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylsulphonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, or  $C_3$ - $C_8$ -cycloalkyl; represents  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkylthio,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkylsulphinyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkylsulphonyl, halo- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, or  $C_3$ - $C_8$ -halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents formyl, formyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl, ( $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl)carbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl, or ( $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkoxy)carbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl; represents halo-( $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl)-carbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl or halo-( $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkoxy)carbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl having in each case 1 to 13 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents ( $C_3$ - $C_8$ -cycloalkyl)carbonyl; represents ( $C_3$ - $C_8$ -halocycloalkyl)carbonyl having 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine and/or bromine atoms; or represents -C(=O)C(=O)R5, -C0NR6R7, or -CH $_2$ NR8R9,

or

(b) R³ represents halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-haloalkyl, and
R⁴ represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphonyl,
C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl; represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-halo-

alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkylthio,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkylsulphinyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkylsulphonyl, halo- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, or  $C_3$ - $C_8$ -halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents formyl, formyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl, ( $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl)carbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl, or ( $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkoxy)carbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl; represents halo-( $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl)carbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl or halo-( $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkoxy)carbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl having in each case 1 to 13 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents ( $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl)carbonyl, ( $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkoxy)carbonyl, ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl)carbonyl, or ( $C_3$ - $C_8$ -cycloalkyl)carbonyl, represents ( $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl)carbonyl, ( $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkoxy)carbonyl, (halo- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl)carbonyl, or ( $C_3$ - $C_8$ -halocycloalkyl)carbonyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or represents -C(=O)C(=O) $R^5$ , -CON $R^6$  $R^7$ , or -CH<sub>2</sub>N $R^8$  $R^9$ . --